

MEDICAL POLICY STATEMENT			
Original Effective Date	Next Annual Review Date		Last Review / Revision Date
06/15/2011	10/06/2016		10/06/2015
Policy Name		Policy Number	
Hematopoietic Growth Factors		SRx-0034	

Medical Policy Statements prepared by CSMG Co. and its affiliates (including CareSource) are derived from literature based on and supported by clinical guidelines, nationally recognized utilization and technology assessment guidelines, other medical management industry standards, and published MCO clinical policy guidelines. Medically necessary services include, but are not limited to, those health care services or supplies that are proper and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury and without which the patient can be expected to suffer prolonged, increased or new morbidity, impairment of function, dysfunction of a body organ or part, or significant pain and discomfort. These services meet the standards of good medical practice in the local area, are the lowest cost alternative, and are not provided mainly for the convenience of the member or provider. Medically necessary services also include those services defined in any Evidence of Coverage documents, Medical Policy Statements, Provider Manuals, Member Handbooks, and/or other policies and procedures.

Medical Policy Statements prepared by CSMG Co. and its affiliates (including CareSource) do not ensure an authorization or payment of services. Please refer to the plan contract (often referred to as the Evidence of Coverage) for the service(s) referenced in the Medical Policy Statement. If there is a conflict between the Medical Policy Statement and the plan contract (<u>i.e.</u>, Evidence of Coverage), then the plan contract (<u>i.e.</u>, Evidence of Coverage) will be the controlling document used to make the determination.

For Medicare plans please reference the below link to search for Applicable National Coverage Descriptions (NCD) and Local Coverage Descriptions (LCD):

#### A. SUBJECT

### **Hematopoietic Growth Factors**

- Epoetin alfa (Epogen, Procrit) Injection
- Darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) Injection

## **B. BACKGROUND**

The CareSource Medication Policies are therapy class policies that are used as a guide when determining health care coverage for our members with benefit plans covering prescription drugs. Medication Policies are written on selected prescription drugs requiring prior authorization or Step-Therapy. The Medication Policy is used as a tool to be interpreted in conjunction with the member's specific benefit plan.

Hematopoietic Growth Factors stimulate erythropoiesis by the same mechanism as endogenous erythropoietin.

The intent of the Hematopoietic Growth Factors (PA) Program is to encourage appropriate selection of patients for therapy according to product labeling and/or clinical guidelines and/or clinical studies, and also to encourage use of preferred agents.

#### C. DEFINITIONS

N/A

# D. POLICY

- I. CareSource will approve the use of erythropoiesis stimulating agents (Epogen, Procrit and Aranesp), and consider its use medically necessary when the following criteria have been met for:
  - A. Anemia in cancer patients on chemotherapy



- B. Anemia in chronic renal failure patients
- C. Anemia in zidovudine-treated, HIV-infected
- D. Anemia associated with myelodysplastic syndrome
- II. Epogen, Procrit and Aranesp must meet **ALL** the below in addition to the condition specific criteria:
  - A. Patient must meet **ALL** of the criteria below:
    - 1. Patient individual's iron status reveals **ALL** of the following:
      - 1.1 Transferrin saturation is at least 20%
      - 1.2 Ferritin is at least 100 mg/mL
      - 1.3 Patient is on supplemental iron therapy (unless serum ferritin level > 800mcg/L)
    - 2. Must have recent lab test (within the last 14 days)
      - 2.1 Treatment naive Hgb ≤ 10 g/dL
      - 2.2 Currently receiving therapy Hgb ≤ 11 g/dL
  - B. Anemia in cancer patients with non-myeloid malignancies on chemotherapy
    - 1. Darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) and Epoetin alfa (Epogen, Procrit) are considered **medically necessary** when **ALL** of the following is met:
      - 1.1 Prescribed by an oncologist
      - 1.2 Chemotherapy to be administered for 2 (two) or more months
      - 1.3 Myelosuppressive chemotherapy without curative intent
      - 1.4 Anemia due to chemotherapy
  - C. Anemia in chronic renal failure patients
    - Darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) and Epoetin alfa (Epogen, Procrit) are considered medically necessary for the treatment of anemia associated with chronic kidney disease when ALL of the following is met:
      - 1.1 Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease
      - 1.2 Prescribed by a nephrologist
  - D. Anemia in zidovudine-treated, HIV-infected patients
    - 1 Epoetin alfa (Epogen, Procrit) is considered **medically necessary** for anemia related to therapy with zidovudine in HIV-infected patients when **ALL** of the following is met:
      - 1.1 Diagnosis of HIV
      - 1.2 Prescribed by an immunologist or an infectious disease specialist
      - 1.3 HIV-infected patient receiving zidovudine treatment
      - 1.4 Serum erythropoietin 500mU/mL or less
  - E. Anemia associated with myelodysplastic syndrome
    - Darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) and Epoetin alfa (Epogen, Procrit) is considered medically necessary for anemia associated with myelodyspastic syndrome when ALL of the following is met:
      - 1.1 Endogenous serum erythropoietin level of 500mU/mL or less
      - 1.2 Normal karyotype (i.e., no 5q deletion or other cytogenetic abnormality)
      - 1.3 Prescribed by an oncologist

**Note:** Documented diagnosis must be confirmed by portions of the individual's medical record which will confirm the presence of disease and will need to be supplied with prior authorization request. These medical records may include, but not limited to test reports, chart notes from provider's office or hospital admission notes.

For Medicare Plan members, reference the Applicable National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD). Compliance with NCDs and LCDs is required where applicable.



# CONDITIONS OF COVERAGE PLACE OF SERVICE

Office, Outpatient, Home

\*\*Preferred place of service is in the home.

**Note:** CareSource supports administering inject able medications in various setting as long as those services are furnished in the most appropriate and cost effective setting that are supportive of the patient's medical condition and unique needs and condition. The decision on the most appropriate setting for administration is based on the member's current medical condition and any required monitoring or additional services that may coincide with the delivery of the specific medication.

HCPCS J0881 Aranesp (Non ESRD)

J0882 Aranesp (ESRD)

J0885 Procrit, Epogen (Non ESRD) J0886 Procrit, Epogen (ESRD)

#### **CPT**

## Step Therapy

Under some plans, including plans that use an open or closed formulary, some of the medications in this policy may be subject to step-therapy. Refer to the CareSource formulary tool or PDL for further guidance.

# **AUTHORIZATION PERIOD**

Approved initial authorizations are valid for 3 (three) months (if applicable). Continued treatment may be considered when the member has shown biological response to treatment. **ALL** authorizations are subject to continued eligibility. Subsequent approval requires documentation of treatment success,  $Hgb\uparrow \ge 1g/dL$  in 12 weeks, Hgb > 11g/dL or  $50\%\downarrow$ in transfusion.

#### E. RELATED POLICIES/RULES

#### F. REVIEW/REVISION HISTORY

Date Issued: 06/15/2011

Date Reviewed: 06/15/2011, 03/14/2013, 09/26/2014, 10/06/2015

Date Revised: 03/14/2013, 09/26/2014

05/01/2015 – Placed in new template and policy number assigned.

10/06/2015 - removed Colony Stimulating Factors to own policy, revised

individual iron status criteria

# G. REFERENCES

- 1. Procrit [package insert]. Raritan, NJ: Centocor Ortho Biotech Products, L.P.; December 2013
- 2. Epogen [package insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen.; April 2014
- 3. Aranesp [package insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA: Amgen.; July2015
- 4. Wolters Kluwer. Facts & Comparisons. <a href="www.factsandcomparisons.com">www.factsandcomparisons.com</a>, 2011. (May 11, 2011)
- 5. YOUNG. D. CMS Anemia Drugs Proposal: Bad for Amgen, Good for Patients, 17 May 2007
- 6. New risk management program for erythropoiesis-stimulating agents. <u>Aranesp, Procrit, and Epogen Article</u>; Pharmacist's Letter; April 2010; Vol. 26 Hematology / Oncology
- 7. Singh AK, Szczech L, Tang KL, et al. Correction of Anemia with Epoetin Alfa in Chronic Kidney Disease, *N Engl j Med.* 2006; 355:2085-98
- 8. Mueller BU, Jacobsen RN, Jarosinski P, et al. Erythropoietin for zidovudine-associated anemia



- in children with HIV infection.
- 9. Pediatr AIDS and HIV Infect: Fetus to Adolesc. 1994;5:169-173
- 10. Bohlius J, Wilson J, Seidenfeld J, et al., Recombinant Human Erythropoietins and Cancer Patients: Updated Meta-Analysis of
- 11. 57 Studies Including 9353 Patients. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2006; 98:708-14.
- 12. Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents in oncology: a study-level meta-analysis of survival and other safety outcomes. Glaspy J, Crawford J, Vansteenkiste J, Henry D, Rao S, Bowers P, Berlin JA, Tomita D, Bridges K, Ludwig H
- 13. Br J Cancer. 2010;102(2):301.
- 14. American Society of Clinical Oncology/American Society of Hematology clinical practice guideline update on the use of epoetin and darbepoetin in adult patients with cancer.
- 15. Rizzo JD, Brouwers M, Hurley P, Seidenfeld J, Arcasoy MO, Spivak JL, Bennett CL, Bohlius J, Evanchuk D, Goode MJ, Jakubowski AA, Regan DH, Somerfield MR, American Society of Clinical Oncology, American Society of Hematology; J Clin Oncol. 2010;28(33):4996.
- 16. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines <u>www.nccn.org</u>. Accessed September 3, 2015.
- 17. Aliment Pharmacol Ther. 2010 May;31(9):929-37. Epub 2010 Feb 18.Review article: optimizing SVR and management of the haematological side effects of peginterferon/ribavirin antiviral therapy for HCV the role of epoetin, G-CSF and novel agents
- 18. Definition and management of anemia in patients infected with hepatitis C virus. McHutchison JG, Manns MP, Longo DL Liver Int. 2006;26(4):389
- 19. MCG 19th edition; February 24, 2015.

This guideline contains custom content that has been modified from the standard care guidelines and has not been reviewed or approved by MCG Health, LLC.

The Medical Policy Statement detailed above has received due consideration as defined in the Medical Policy Statement Policy and is approved.