

PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT Georgia Medicaid

DRUG NAME	Copaxone (glatiramer acetate)
BILLING CODE	Must use valid NDC code
BENEFIT TYPE	Pharmacy
SITE OF SERVICE ALLOWED	Home
COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS	Prior Authorization Required Alternative preferred product includes Glatopa QUANTITY LIMIT – 20 mg = 30 for 30 days 40 mg = 12 for 30 days
LIST OF DIAGNOSES CONSIDERED NOT MEDICALLY NECESSARY	Click Here

Copaxone (glatiramer acetate) 20 mg is a **non-preferred** product and Copaxone (glatiramer acetate) 40 mg is a **preferred** product and both will only be considered for coverage under the **pharmacy** benefit when the following criteria are met:

Members must be clinically diagnosed with one of the following disease states and meet their individual criteria as stated.

RELAPSING-REMITTING MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS, SECONDARY PROGRESSIVE MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

For **initial** authorization:

1. Medication must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, or under the guidance of a neurologist; AND
2. Chart notes have been provided confirming diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis; AND
3. For Copaxone 20 mg documentation of trial and failure of or contraindication to Glatopa for at least 90 days submitted with chart notes.
4. **Dosage allowed:** 20 mg/mL subcutaneous injection once daily.

If member meets all the requirements listed above, the medication will be approved for 12 months.

For **reauthorization**:

1. Member must be in compliance with all other initial criteria.

If member meets all the reauthorization requirements above, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.

CareSource considers Copaxone (glatiramer acetate) not medically necessary for the treatment of the following disease states based on a lack of robust clinical controlled trials showing superior efficacy compared to currently available treatments:

- Clinically Isolated Syndrome (CIS) in Multiple Sclerosis

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
06/13/2017	New policy for Copaxone created. Not covered diagnosis added.
12/06/2017	Confirmation of diagnosis based on McDonald criteria is no longer required.



References:

1. Copaxone [package insert]. Kansas City, MO; Teva Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 2009.
2. Copaxone. Micromedex Solutions. Truven Health Analytics, Inc. Ann Arbor, MI. Available at: <http://www.micromedexsolutions.com>. Accessed March 16, 2017.
3. Goodin DS, Frohman EM, Garmany GP Jr, et al. Disease modifying therapies in multiple sclerosis: report of the Therapeutics and Technology Assessment Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology and the MS Council for Clinical Practice Guidelines. *Neurology*. 2002 Jan;58(2):169-78.
4. Polman CH, Reingold SC, Banwell B, et al. Diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis: 2010 Revisions to the McDonald criteria. *Annals of Neurology*. 2011;69(2):292-302. doi:10.1002/ana.22366.
5. Glatopa [package insert]. Princeton, NJ; Sandoz, Inc. 2015.

Effective date: 12/20/2017

Revised date: 12/06/2017