



MEDICAL POLICY STATEMENT D-SNP

Policy Name & Number	Date Effective
Safety Beds-DSNP-MM-1454	GA: 06/01/2023-01/31/2024 OH: 07/01/2023-01/31/2024
Policy Type	
MEDICAL	

Medical Policy Statement prepared by CareSource and its affiliates are derived from literature based on and supported by clinical guidelines, nationally recognized utilization and technology assessment guidelines, other medical management industry standards, and published MCO clinical policy guidelines. Medically necessary services include, but are not limited to, those health care services or supplies that are proper and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury and without which the patient can be expected to suffer prolonged, increased or new morbidity, impairment of function, dysfunction of a body organ or part, or significant pain and discomfort. These services meet the standards of good medical practice in the local area, are the lowest cost alternative, and are not provided mainly for the convenience of the member or provider. Medically necessary services also include those services defined in any Evidence of Coverage documents, Medical Policy Statements, Provider Manuals, Member Handbooks, and/or other policies and procedures.

Medical Policy Statements prepared by CareSource and its affiliates do not ensure an authorization or payment of services. Please refer to the plan contract (often referred to as the Evidence of Coverage) for the service(s) referenced in the Medical Policy Statement. If there is a conflict between the Medical Policy Statement and the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage), then the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage) will be the controlling document used to make the determination. According to the rules of Mental Health Parity Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA), coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of a behavioral health disorder will not be subject to any limitations that are less favorable than the limitations that apply to medical conditions as covered under this policy.

This policy applies to the following Marketplace(s):

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Georgia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indiana	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ohio
---	---	--

Table of Contents

A. Subject.....	2
B. Background.....	2
C. Definitions	2
D. Policy	2
E. Conditions of Coverage	3
F. Related Policies/Rules	3
G. Review/Revision History	3
H. References.....	3
I. State-Specific Information.....	3

A. Subject
Safety Beds

B. Background

Healthy sleep requires adequate duration, appropriate timing, good quality, regularity, and the absence of sleep disturbances. The American Academy of Sleep Medicine has issued recommendations for sleep needs by age.

A specialty bed is an enclosed bed, typically fitted with a mesh canopy, padded walls, and/or a specially designed mattress. A provider may require a safety bed for a individual with a variety of physical health problems, such as epilepsy, intracranial injury, or hydrocephalus or for a individual with behavioral health problems, such as intellectual deficiencies or autistic spectrum disorders. The use of these beds increases individual safety by eliminating falls, preventing injuries, wandering or allowing for repositioning and turning more easily. Ongoing individual evaluation and monitoring is recommended for appropriate use and prescribing.

C. Definitions

- **Crib Canopy** - A cover that attaches to the top of a crib that prevents a toddler from climbing out of the crib or, in some cases, pets from climbing into the crib.
- **Hospital Bed** - A bed used for individuals that can be adjusted to raise the head end, foot end, or middle, as required. The overall bed height is also adjustable.
- **Safety Bed** - A hospital bed to prevent individuals from leaving a bed at night without supervision, preventing injuries, falls, and wandering, and can be called institutional, adaptive, enclosed canopy, special needs beds.
- **Standard Bed** - A fixed height bed that is typically sold as furniture and consists of a frame, box spring, and mattress.

D. Policy

- I. CareSource considers a hospital safety bed medically necessary when **one** of the following criteria is met for a medical or behavioral health condition:
 - A. Special attachments that cannot be fixed and/or used on a standard bed are required.
 - B. Positioning of the individual's body is required in ways not feasible in an ordinary bed.
 - C. Avoidance of entanglement by reducing gaps and openings, avoiding the likelihood of the individual becoming stuck in the frame or between the mattress and frame, is required.
 - D. Use of equipment is required due to a diagnosis related to cognitive impairment (e.g., traumatic brain injury, cerebral palsy, seizure disorder).
 - E. Behavioral issues such as aggression, impulsivity, noncompliance and/or elopement behaviors that require preventing an individual from leaving bed at night without supervision to maintain safety and for which door and/or bed alarms will not meet the safety needs of the individual.

E. Conditions of Coverage
NA

F. Related Policies/Rules
Medical Necessity Determinations

G. Review/Revision History

DATE		ACT ION
Date Issued	03/15/2023	New policy. Approved at Committee.
Date Revised		
Date Effective	IN, GA: 06/01/2023 OH: 07/01/2023	
Date Archived	GA, OH 01/31/2024	This Policy is no longer active and has been archived. Please note that there could be other Policies that may have some of the same rules incorporated and CareSource reserves the right to follow CMS/State/NCCI guidelines without a formal documented Policy.

H. References

1. Paruthi S, Brooks LJ, D'Ambrosio C, et al. Recommended amount of sleep for pediatric populations: A consensus statement of the American Academy of Sleep Medicine. *Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine*. 2(6); 2016:785-786.
2. Theurer WM, Bhavsar AK. Prevention of unintentional childhood injury. *Am Fam Physician*. 2013 Apr 1;87(7):502-9. PMID: 23547592.

Independent medical review – 2/15/2023

I. State-Specific Information

- A. Georgia
 1. Effective: 06/01/2023
- B. Indiana
 1. Effective: 06/01/2023
- C. Ohio
 1. Effective: 07/01/2023

Independent medical review – 2/15/2023