

## PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT

### Marketplace

<b>DRUG NAME</b>	<b>Vumerity (diroximel fumarate)</b>
<b>BENEFIT TYPE</b>	Pharmacy
<b>STATUS</b>	Prior Authorization Required

Vumerity is indicated for the treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), to include clinically isolated syndrome, relapsing-remitting disease, and active secondary progressive disease, in adults. It has been shown to activate the nuclear factor (erythroid-derived 2)-like 2 (Nrf2) pathway, which is involved in the cellular response to oxidative stress.

Vumerity is a fumarate like Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate), with the same active metabolite, monomethyl fumarate (MMF). However, due to its different chemical structure, Vumerity has less reactivity toward off-target receptors in the gastrointestinal (GI) tract, resulting in a lower incidence of GI side effects compared to Tecfidera.

Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) will be considered for coverage when the following criteria are met:

#### Multiple Sclerosis (MS)

For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is at least 18 years of age; AND
2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist; AND
3. Member has a diagnosis of a relapsing form of MS, to include clinically isolated syndrome, relapsing-remitting disease, or active secondary progressive disease; AND
4. The member has tried generic Tecfidera but experiences intolerable gastrointestinal side effects; AND
5. The following baseline assessments have been or will be completed before starting treatment:
  - a) Complete blood cell count (CBC) including lymphocyte count
  - b) Liver function (ALT, AST, ALP, total bilirubin)
6. **Dosage allowed/Quantity limit:** Starting dose: 231 mg twice a day, orally, for 7 days. Maintenance dose after 7 days: 462 mg (administered as two 231 mg capsules) twice a day, orally. (QL: 106 capsules for the first 30 days; then 120 capsules per 30 days thereafter)

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 12 months.***

For **reauthorization**:

1. Chart notes have been provided showing stability or improvement in signs and symptoms of disease (e.g., fewer relapses, slowed disability progression, reduced number or volume of brain lesions).

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.***

**CareSource considers Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) not medically necessary for the treatment of conditions that are not listed in this document. For any other indication, please refer to the Off-Label policy.**

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
11/12/2019	New policy for Vumerity created.
07/21/2022	Transferred to new template. Updated and added references. Added trial of generic Tecfidera. Changed initial approval duration from 6 mo to 12 mo. Added clinical criteria for renewal.
06/23/2025	Updated references.

#### References:

1. Vumerity [prescribing information]. Cambridge, MA; Biogen, Inc; 2024.
2. Naismith, Robert T., et al. "Diroximel fumarate (DRF) in patients with relapsing–remitting multiple sclerosis: Interim safety and efficacy results from the phase 3 EVOLVE-MS-1 study." *Multiple Sclerosis Journal* (2019): 1352458519881761.
3. Palte, Michael J., et al. "Improving the gastrointestinal tolerability of fumaric acid esters: Early findings on gastrointestinal events with diroximel fumarate in patients with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis from the phase 3, open-label EVOLVE-MS-1 Study." *Advances in therapy* (2019): 1-12).
4. Naismith RT, Wundes A, Ziemssen T, et al. Diroximel Fumarate Demonstrates an Improved Gastrointestinal Tolerability Profile Compared with Dimethyl Fumarate in Patients with Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis: Results from the Randomized, Double-Blind, Phase III EVOLVE-MS-2 Study. *CNS Drugs*. 2020;34(2):185-196. doi:10.1007/s40263-020-00700-0
5. Hauser SL, Cree BAC. Treatment of Multiple Sclerosis: A Review. *Am J Med*. 2020;133(12):1380-1390.e2. doi:10.1016/j.amjmed.2020.05.049
6. National Multiple Sclerosis Society. The Use of Disease-Modifying Therapies in Multiple Sclerosis: Principles and Current Evidence. A Consensus Paper by the Multiple Sclerosis Coalition; 2019. Available from: <https://cdn.sanity.io/files/y936aps5/production/76159995e7f4c6c0c2e6de5c4ba6a5881ab368f7.pdf>. Accessed June 23, 2025.
7. Rae-Grant A, Day GS, Marrie RA, et al. Practice guideline recommendations summary: Disease-modifying therapies for adults with multiple sclerosis: Report of the Guideline Development, Dissemination, and Implementation Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology [published correction appears in *Neurology*. 2019 Jan 8;92(2):112. doi: 10.1212/WNL.0000000000006722.]. *Neurology*. 2018;90(17):777-788. doi:10.1212/WNL.0000000000005347

Effective date: 01/01/2026

Revised date: 06/23/2025