

# ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY STATEMENT Indiana Medicaid

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Policy Name & Number	Date Effective			
Against Medical Advice (AMA)-IN MCD-AD-0792	08/01/2023			
Policy Type				
ADMINISTRATIVE				

Administrative Policy Statement prepared by CareSource and its affiliates are derived from literature based on and supported by clinical guidelines, nationally recognized utilization and technology assessment guidelines, other medical management industry standards, and published MCO clinical policy guidelines. Medically necessary services include, but are not limited to, those health care services or supplies that are proper and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of disease, illness, or injury and without which the patient can be expected to suffer prolonged, increased or new morbidity, impairment of function, dysfunction of a body organ or part, or significant pain and discomfort. These services meet the standards of good medical practice in the local area, are the lowest cost alternative, and are not provided mainly for the convenience of the member or provider. Medically necessary services also include those services defined in any Evidence of Coverage documents, Medical Policy Statements, Provider Manuals, Member Handbooks, and/or other policies and procedures.

Administrative Policy Statements prepared by CareSource and its affiliates do not ensure an authorization or payment of services. Please refer to the plan contract (often referred to as the Evidence of Coverage) for the service(s) referenced in the Administrative Policy Statement. If there is a conflict between the Administrative Policy Statement and the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage), then the plan contract (i.e., Evidence of Coverage) will be the controlling document used to make the determination.

According to the rules of Mental Health Parity Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA), coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of a behavioral health disorder will not be subject to any limitations that are less favorable than the limitations that apply to medical conditions as covered under this policy.

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## A. Subject

**Against Medical Advice (AMA)** 

# B. Background

Studies show that patients discharged against medical advice (AMA) are at higher risk for inadequately treated medical conditions, readmissions, and/or negative health outcomes when compared to planned discharges. Documented reasons for leaving AMA may include a lack of satisfaction with the treatment team, treatment team members or facility, a general mistrust of medical systems, underutilization of social support, and/or a lack of health insurance or low socio-economic status. Additionally, research indicates that previous medical diagnoses substantially impact rates of discharge AMA with psychiatric, substance abuse, and human immunodeficiency virus patients exhibiting the most significant risk.

#### C. Definitions

• **Against Medical Advice (AMA)** - A patient chooses to leave the hospital or acute care setting before a practitioner writes the order for discharge.

## D. Policy

- I. CareSource will only pay for services, procedures, and supplies rendered.
- II. The discharge status code on the submitted claim must indicate that the member left against medical advice.
- III. If a member leaves against medical advice from the emergency department and the facility has submitted a medical necessity review for inpatient services, only services rendered as part of the emergency department visit will be considered for payment.

### E. Conditions of Coverage

Member must be eligible at the time the service, procedure or supply was provided, and the service, procedure, or supply must be a covered benefit. Reimbursement is dependent on, but not limited to, submitting approved HCPCS and CPT codes along with appropriate modifiers, if applicable. All services, procedures, and supplies are subject to review for medical necessity, which does not guarantee reimbursement.

### F. Related Policies/Rules

Medical Necessity Determinations

## G. Review/Revision History

	DATE	ACTION
Date Issued	09/01/2020	
Date Revised	02/10/2022	Annual review.
	04/06/2023	Annual review. Approved at Committee.
Date Effective	08/01/2023	
Date Archived		

The ADMINISTRATIVE Policy Statement detailed above has received due consideration as defined in the ADMINISTRATIVE Policy Statement Policy and is approved.



#### H. References

- 1. Albayati A, Douedi S, Alshami A, et al. Why do patients leave against medical advice? reasons, consequences, prevention, and interventions. *Healthcare (Basel)*. 2021;9(2):111. doi:10.3390/healthcare9020111.
- 2. Alper E, O'Malley T, & Greenwald J. (2023, February 3). Hospital discharge and readmission. Retrieved March 21, 2023 from www.uptodate.com.
- 3. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid. Patient discharge status codes and hospital transfer policies. Retrieved March 21, 2023 from www.hhs.gov.
- Hasan O, et al. Leaving against medical advice from in-patients departments rate, reasons and predicting risk factors for re-visiting hospital retrospective cohort from a tertiary care hospital. *Int J Health Policy Manag.* 2019;8(8):474-479. doi:10.15171/ijhpm.2019.26.
- 5. Khalili M, et al. Discharge against medical advice in paediatric patients. *J Taibah Univ Med Sci.* 2019;14(3):262-267. doi:10.1016/j.jtumed. 2019.03.001.
- 6. Levenson J. Psychological factors affecting other medical conditions: Management. (2022, September 19). Retrieved March 21, 2023 from www.uptodate.com.