

PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT Indiana Medicaid	
DRUG NAME	Injectable somatostatin analogs (First generation): Sandostatin (octreotide), Sandostatin LAR (octreotide), Somatuline depot (lanreotide), Bynfezia Pen (octreotide)
BILLING CODE	J2354/ J2353/ J1930/ NDC
BENEFIT TYPE	Medical, except Bynfezia is a pharmacy benefit
SITE OF SERVICE ALLOWED	Office/Outpatient/Home
COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS	Prior Authorization Required QUANTITY LIMIT— See "dosage allowed"
LIST OF DIAGNOSES CONSIDERED NOT MEDICALLY NECESSARY	<u>Click Here</u>

Somatuline depot (lanreotide) is a **non-preferred** product and will only be considered for coverage under the **medical** benefit; Sandostatin (octreotide) and Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) are **preferred** products and will only be considered for coverage under the **medical** benefit; Bynfezia is a **non-preferred** product and will only be considered for coverage under the **pharmacy** benefit, when the following criteria are met:

Members must be clinically diagnosed with one of the following disease states and meet their individual criteria as stated.

ACROMEGALY

For initial authorization:

- 1. Member is 18 years of age or older; AND
- 2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with an endocrinologist; AND
- 3. Member has diagnosis of uncontrolled acromegaly confirmed by insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) elevation above normal level (lab report required); AND
- 4. Member had an inadequate response to surgery or radiation, or member is ineligible for these treatments (documentation required); AND
- 5. If IGF-1 elevation is 1.5x upper limit of normal or less, member must have a trial of, or contraindication or intolerance to cabergoline.³
- 6. For <u>Somatuline Depot</u> only: Must have a trial and failure of Sandostatin LAR.
- 7. For Bynfezia only:
 - a) Baseline thyroid function testing is required; AND
 - b) Trial and failure of short acting octreotide (generic Sandostatin).
- 8. Dosage allowed:

<u>Octreotide</u>: Initial 50mcg subQ/IV 3 times daily, titrate as indicated, usual maintenance dose 100mcg 3 times daily, max 500mcg 3 times daily. NOTE: Doses in excess of 300mcg per day seldom confer additional benefit.

<u>Sandostatin LAR</u>: Start at 20mg IM every 4 weeks for 3 months, then adjust according to GH and IGF-1 per package insert, no more than 40mg every 4 weeks.

<u>Somatuline depot</u>: Start at 90mg subQ every 4 weeks for 3 months, then adjust according to GH and IGF-1 per package insert, no more than 120mg every 4 weeks.

<u>Bynfezia Pen</u>: Initial 50mcg subQ 3 times daily, titrate as indicated, usual maintenance dose 100mcg 3 times daily, max 500mcg 3 times daily. NOTE: Doses in excess of 300mcg per day seldom confer additional benefit.



If member meets all the requirements listed above, the medication will be approved for 6 months.

For reauthorization:

1. Chart notes/lab report must show normalized or improved (decreased) IGF-1.

If member meets all the reauthorization requirements above, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.

NOTE to Reviewer: A short-acting product may be used concurrently with a long-acting product.

CARCINOID SYNDROME

For initial authorization:

- 1. Member is 18 years of age or older; AND
- 2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or gastroenterologist; AND
- 3. Member has a neuroendocrine tumor, including carcinoid tumor or vasoactive intestinal peptide tumor (VIPoma); AND
- 4. Member is experiencing flushing and/or diarrhea symptoms associated with carcinoid syndrome (or VIPoma syndrome), not attributed to another cause.
- 5. For <u>Somatuline Depot</u> only: Must have a trial and failure of Sandostatin LAR.
- 6. For Bynfezia only:
 - a) Baseline thyroid function testing is required; AND
 - b) Trial and failure of short acting octreotide (generic Sandostatin).
- Dosage allowed: <u>Octreotide</u>: 100mcg-750mcg per day subQ/IV in divided doses. <u>Sandostatin LAR</u>: 10mg to 30mg IM every 4 weeks. <u>Somatuline depot</u>: 120mg subQ every 4 weeks. <u>Bynfezia</u>: 100-750mcg per day subQ in divided doses.

If member meets all the requirements listed above, the medication will be approved for 6 months.

For reauthorization:

- 1. For short-acting products (octreotide, Bynfezia): Chart notes must document symptomatic improvement of flushing and/or diarrhea episodes.
- 2. For long-acting products (Sandostatin LAR, Somatuline Depot): Chart notes must document reduced frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy for symptom control.

If member meets all the reauthorization requirements above, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.

NOTE to Reviewer: A short-acting product may be used concurrently with a long-acting product.

GASTROENTEROPANCREATIC NEUROENDOCRINE TUMORS (GEP-NETs)

Any request for **cancer** must be submitted through <u>NantHealth/Eviti</u> portal.

CareSource considers Sandostatin (octreotide) Sandostatin LAR (octreotide), Somatuline depot (lanreotide), Bynfezia (octreotide) not medically necessary for the treatment of diseases that are not listed in this document.

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
11/03/2020	New policy for injectable somatostatin analogs created.



References:

- 1. Somatuline Depot (lanreotide acetate) [package insert]. Cambridge, MA: lpsen Biopharmaceuticals, Inc; 2019.
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- 3. Melmed S, Bronstein MD, Chanson P, et al. A Consensus Statement on acromegaly therapeutic outcomes. *Nature Reviews Endocrinology*. 2018;14(9):552-561. doi:10.1038/s41574-018-0058-5
- 4. Zahr R, Fleseriu M. Updates in Diagnosis and Treatment of Acromegaly. *Eur Endocrinol*. 2018;14(2):57-61. doi:10.17925/EE.2018.14.2.57
- 5. Fleseriu M, Biller BMK, Freda PU, et al. A Pituitary Society update to acromegaly management guidelines. *Pituitary*. October 2020. doi:10.1007/s11102-020-01091-7
- Vinik AI, Wolin EM, Liyanage N, Gomez-Panzani E, Fisher GA; ELECT Study Group *. EVALUATION OF LANREOTIDE DEPOT/AUTOGEL EFFICACY AND SAFETY AS A CARCINOID SYNDROME TREATMENT (ELECT): A RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED TRIAL. Endocr Pract. 2016 Sep;22(9):1068-80. doi: 10.4158/EP151172.OR. Epub 2016 May 23.
- Pavel M, Öberg K, Falconi M, Krenning EP, Sundin A, Perren A, Berruti A; ESMO Guidelines Committee. Electronic address: clinicalguidelines@esmo.org. Gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine neoplasms: ESMO Clinical Practice Guidelines for diagnosis, treatment and follow-up. Ann Oncol. 2020 Jul;31(7):844-860. doi: 10.1016/j.annonc.2020.03.304. Epub 2020 Apr 6.
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- 9. Cook R, Hendifar AE. Evidence-Based Policy in Practice: Management of Carcinoid Syndrome Diarrhea. P T. 2019;44(7):424-427.
- 10. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Neuroendocrine and Adrenal Tumors. (Version 2.2020). https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/neuroendocrine.pdf. Accessed November 3, 2020.
- Pandit S, Annamaraju P, Bhusal K. Carcinoid Syndrome. [Updated 2020 Jun 25]. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2020 Jan-. Available from: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK448096/

Effective date: 04/01/2021 Revised date: 11/03/2020