

PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT Ohio Medicaid

DRUG NAME Gender-Affirming Hormone Therap		
BILLING CODE	Must use valid NDC or J code (see Table 1)	
BENEFIT TYPE	Medical or Pharmacy (see Table 1)	
SITE OF SERVICE ALLOWED	Home/Office/Outpatient	
STATUS	Prior Authorization Required	

Gender dysphoria is a condition of feeling one's emotional and psychological identity as male or female to be incongruent to one's assigned sex at birth. Gender-affirming hormone therapy can be used to allow different degrees of masculinization or feminization tailored to the patient's needs. For example, masculinizing hormone therapy includes medications that will increase testosterone levels to cause masculinizing changes to occur. In contrast, feminizing hormone therapy includes medications that reduce testosterone levels while raising estrogen level to allow feminizing changes to occur. Patient's may also identify as non-binary and require flexible interventions. As a result, hormone therapy must be individualized based on a patient's goals, the risk/benefit ratio of medications, the presence of other medical conditions, and consideration of social and economic issues. Hormone treatment is not recommended for prepubertal gender-dysphoric individuals.

Gender-affirming hormone therapy will be considered for coverage when the following criteria are met:

Gender Dysphoria

For initial authorization:

- 1. Member is at least 16 years of age; AND
- 2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a mental health provider or a pediatric endocrinologist who has experience in providing gender-affirming hormone therapy; AND
- 3. Member has a diagnosis of gender dysphoria with all of the following:
 - a) Persistent, well-documented gender dysphoria;
 - b) If member is under 18 years of age, puberty has started (Tanner stage 2 or greater); AND
- 4. If medication requires a step therapy, must have a trial and failure of, or contraindication to the preferred step therapy product; AND
- 5. Provider attests that member has sufficient mental capacity to make a fully informed decision and to consent for treatment; AND
- 6. If significant medical or mental health concerns are present, they must be reasonably well controlled before starting hormone therapy.
- 7. **Dosage allowed/Quantity limit:** See Table 1 for dosing suggestions.

If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 6 months.

For reauthorization:

1. Chart notes must show that member is experiencing clinical benefit from the use of gender-affirming hormone therapy.

If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.



CareSource considers Gender-Affirming Hormone Therapy not medically necessary for the treatment of conditions that are not listed in this document. For any other indication, please refer to the Off-Label policy.

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION	
04/24/2021	New policy for Gender-Affirming Hormone Therapy created.	

References:

- Hembree WC, Cohen-Kettenis PT, Gooren L, et al. Endocrine Treatment of Gender-Dysphoric/Gender-Incongruent Persons: An Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab*. 2017;102(11):3869-3903.
- 2. Unger CA. Hormone therapy for transgender patients. *Transl Androl Urol.* 2016;5(6):877-884. doi:10.21037/tau.2016.09.04.
- 3. UCSF Transgender Care, Department of Family and Community Medicine, University of California San Francisco. Guidelines for the Primary and Gender-Affirming Care of Transgender and Gender Nonbinary People; 2nd edition. Deutsch MB, ed. June 2016. Available at transcare.ucsf.edu/guidelines.
- 4. Hashemi L, Weinreb J, Weimer AK, Weiss RL. Transgender Care in the Primary Care Setting: A Review of Guidelines and Literature. *Fed Pract*. 2018;35(7):30-37.
- 5. World Professional Association for Transgender Health. (2012). Standards of Care for the Health of Transsexual, Transgender, and Gender-Conforming People [7th Version].
- 6. Cocchetti C, Ristori J, Romani A, et al. Hormonal Treatment Strategies Tailored to Non-Binary Transgender Individuals. *J Clin Med.* 2020 May 26;9(6):1609. doi: 10.3390/jcm9061609.

Table 1

Please note that this is not a comprehensive list of all available hormone therapy options. The dosing regimens listed below are generally accepted dosing regimens in current guidelines. Actual dosing of medications might vary for certain patients to achieve hormonal goal levels.

Gender-Affirming Hormone Therapy	Dosing Regimen	
Testosterone Therapy		
Testosterone transdermal gel 1%, 1.62%, 2%	50 – 100 mg/day	
Testosterone transdermal patch (AndroDerm)	2.5 - 7.5 mg/day	
Testosterone enanthate or cypionate	100 – 200 mg every 2 weeks OR 50 – 100 mg every week	
Testosterone undecanoate (Aveed)	1000 mg every 12 weeks	
Estrogen/Progesterone Therapy		
Estradiol oral	2 - 6 mg daily	
Estradiol transdermal patch	0.025 – 0.2 mg patch twice weekly	
Estradiol valerate (Delestrogen)	5 – 30 mg every 2 weeks	
Estradiol cypionate (Depo-Estradiol)	2 – 10 mg every week	
Progesterone	20 - 60 mg daily	
Medroxyprogesterone acetate (Depo-Provera)	150 mg every 3 months	
GnRH Agonist		
Leuprolide (Lupron Depot, Lupron Depot-PED, Eligard, Fensolvi)	3.75 - 7.5 mg monthly OR 11.25 mg every 3 months	
Goserelin (Zoladex) implant	3.6 mg monthly	
Anti-androgens		
Spironolactone	100 - 300 mg daily	

Effective date: 07/12/2021 Revised date: 05/18/2021 OH-MED-P-366685