

PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT

Arkansas PASSE

DRUG NAME	Enspryng (satralizumab-mwge)
BILLING CODE	Must use valid NDC
BENEFIT TYPE	Pharmacy
SITE OF SERVICE ALLOWED	Home
COVERAGE REQUIREMENTS	Prior Authorization Required (Preferred Product) QUANTITY LIMIT— 1 syringe per 28 days (maintenance)
LIST OF DIAGNOSES CONSIDERED NOT MEDICALLY NECESSARY	Click Here

Enspryng (satralizumab) will only be considered for coverage under the **pharmacy** benefit when the following criteria are met:

Members must be clinically diagnosed with one of the following disease states and meet their individual criteria as stated.

NEUROMYELITIS OPTICA SPECTRUM DISORDER (NMOSD)

For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is 18 years old or older; AND
2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist; AND
3. Member has a diagnosis of NMOSD and is seropositive for aquaporin-4 (AQP4) IgG antibodies (documentation required); AND
4. Member has had 1 or more relapses within the past year; AND
5. Member has tried and failed at least one of the following for 6 months or longer: azathioprine, mycophenolate, rituximab^{2,3,4} (requires prior auth); AND
6. Member has tested negative for hepatitis B and tuberculosis within the past year.
7. **Dosage allowed:** 120mg subQ at weeks 0, 2, and 4, then 120mg every 4 weeks thereafter.

If member meets all the requirements listed above, the medication will be approved for 6 months.

For **reauthorization**:

1. Chart notes must document disease stabilization, symptom improvement, and/or reduced frequency of relapses.

If member meets all the reauthorization requirements above, the medication will be approved for an additional 12 months.

CareSource considers Enspryng (satralizumab) not medically necessary for the treatment of diseases that are not listed in this document.

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
10/16/2020	New policy for Enspryng created.
12/21/2021	Removed prescriber specialty requirement.

References:

1. Enspryng (satralizumab-mwge) [package insert]. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc.; 2020.

2. Kessler RA, Mealy MA, Levy M. Treatment of Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder: Acute, Preventive, and Symptomatic. *Curr Treat Options Neurol*. 2016;18(1):2. doi:10.1007/s11940-015-0387-9
3. Weinshenker B. Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder. NORD (National Organization for Rare Disorders). <https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/neuromyelitis-optica/>. Published August 25, 2020. Accessed October 2, 2020.
4. Mealy MA, Wingerchuk DM, Palace J, Greenberg BM, Levy M. Comparison of relapse and treatment failure rates among patients with neuromyelitis optica: multicenter study of treatment efficacy. *JAMA Neurol*. 2014;71(3):324-330. doi:10.1001/jamaneurol.2013.5699
5. IPD Analytics. Accessed October 2, 2020.
6. Yamamura T, Kleiter I, Fujihara K, et al. Trial of Satralizumab in Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder. *N Engl J Med*. 2019;381(22):2114-2124. doi:10.1056/NEJMoa1901747
7. Traboulsee A, Greenberg BM, Bennett JL, et al. Safety and efficacy of satralizumab monotherapy in neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder: a randomised, double-blind, multicentre, placebo-controlled phase 3 trial. *Lancet Neurol*. 2020;19(5):402-412. doi:10.1016/S1474-4422(20)30078-8

Effective date: 01/01/2022

Revised date: 12/21/2021