

## PHARMACY POLICY STATEMENT

### Arkansas PASSE

<b>DRUG NAME</b>	<b>Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)</b>
BILLING CODE	J3399
BENEFIT TYPE	Medical
SITE OF SERVICE ALLOWED	Outpatient
STATUS	Prior Authorization Required

Zolgensma is an adeno-associated virus (AAV) vector gene therapy initially approved by the FDA in 2019. It is indicated for the treatment of pediatric patients less than 2 years of age with spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) with bi-allelic mutations in the survival motor neuron (SMN1) gene. Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) is a genetic, autosomal recessive neuromuscular disorder caused by a defect in the survival of the motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene. SMA is the leading genetic cause of infant mortality and affects approximately 1 in every 10,000 infants. There are multiple types of SMA, and the age of onset and severity of the disease varies with each type.

Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) will be considered for coverage when the following criteria are met:

#### Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)

For **initial** authorization:

1. Member is less than two years of age;
2. Medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist; AND
3. Member has a diagnosis of SMA confirmed by genetic/newborn testing showing any of the following:
  - a) Homozygous gene deletion of the survival motor neuron 1 (SMN1) gene (e.g., absence of SMN1 gene)
  - b) Homozygous mutation of the SMN1 gene (e.g., biallelic mutation of exon 7)
  - c) Compound heterozygous mutation in the SMN1 gene (e.g., deletion of SMN1 exon 7 [allele 1] and mutation of SMN1 [allele 2])
4. Member has 2 to 4 copies of SMN2; AND
5. Member has documentation of ALL of the following in chart notes:
  - a) Liver function tests (clinical exam, AST, ALT, total bilirubin, prothrombin time);
  - b) Platelet counts and troponin-I;
  - c) Baseline testing for the presence of anti-AAV9 antibodies (titer must be  $\leq 1:50$ ); AND
6. Member's gestational age is  $\geq 35$  weeks if premature neonate; AND
7. Medication must **not** be concomitantly used with Spinraza or Evrysdi (discontinuation of Spinraza and Evrysdi prior to Zolgensma therapy is required); AND
8. Member has **not** have any of the following:
  - a) Signs of aspiration;
  - b) Active viral infection;
  - c) Advanced SMA (e.g., complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilator dependence)
  - d) Prior treatment with Zolgensma.
9. **Dosage allowed:**  $1.1 \times 10^{14}$  vector genomes (vg) per kg of body weight.

***If all the above requirements are met, the medication will be approved for 1 month.***

**For reauthorization:**

1. Zolgensma will not be reauthorized for continuous use.

**CareSource considers Zolgensma (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) not medically necessary for the treatment of conditions that are not listed in this document. For any other indication, please refer to the Off-Label policy.**

DATE	ACTION/DESCRIPTION
05/31/2019	New policy for Zolgensma created.
06/29/2020	J code updated.
05/24/2022	Transferred to a new template. Updated references. Updated age to 2 years old and younger. Updated the copy numbers to 2 to 4 copies of SMN2. Clarified SMA diagnosis. Removed childhood vaccination requirement. Added exclusion for previous Zolgensma administration and concomitant Evrysdi use. Removed baseline symptom measurement.

**References:**

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14. Strauss KA, et al. Onasemnogene abeparvovec for presymptomatic infants with two copies of SMN2 at risk for spinal muscular atrophy type 1: the Phase III SPR1NT trial. *Nat Med*. 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-022-01866-4>.
15. Strauss KA, et al. Onasemnogene abeparvovec for presymptomatic infants with three copies of SMN2 at risk for spinal muscular atrophy: the Phase III SPR1NT trial. *Nat Med*. 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-022-01867-3>.

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Revised date: 05/24/2022